









**THE RIVER AND WEATHER.**—The river was rising slowly last evening, with 7 feet water on the falls. The ice has nearly all disappeared. From our despatches it will be seen that the river at Cincinnati rose 2 feet yesterday.

The weather yesterday was cloudy, with a light rain in the afternoon.

The Fashion and Fanny Smith came up over the falls yesterday.

The new steamer Bella Donna, having been detained, starts for New Orleans positively to-day. Persons going South cannot find a more desirable boat to travel on than the Bella Donna.

**THE JAMES ROBB.**—This Leviathan river craft made her appearance at our wharf yesterday morning. It is unnecessary for us to enter into a full description of her, as we have published her dimensions, &c., several days ago. She is, in our opinion, the most complete and beautiful specimen of naval architecture ever built in the West. Her cabins are large and spacious, and finished off in the most gorgeous style. Her engines are of great strength, and the machinery throughout is of the latest and most improved plan. The state-rooms are each furnished with a handsome wardrobe, with an addition in the ladies' cabin of a beautiful lullie and a magnificent piano.

The boat was open for inspection yesterday, and was visited by hundreds of ladies and gentlemen. The Robb is intended for the New Orleans and Louisville trade, and commanded by Capt. Ned Montgomery, under whose immediate supervision she was built. The mechanics of Cincinnati justly deserve the credit for this great steamer. She leaves for New Orleans to-day, and we advise all those who are desirous of making a quick and pleasant trip to the "Sunny South" to engage berths on her.

**FOR ST. LOUIS.**—The fine steamer Fashion is the regular packet for St. Louis to-day. She is under the charge of Capt. Anders, a polite and clever gentleman.

The new steamer Sultana, lying at the foot of Eighth street, is rapidly approaching completion.

**STEAMER SUSQUEHANNA SUNK.**—The old steamer Susquehanna struck a snag and sunk in the Cumberland river, near the residence of Mr. Thomas Shearon, on Monday night last. She was heavily loaded with freight from the Harry Hill, for Nashville. She will be easily raised again, and none of her freight will be a total loss, though a portion of it is held, will be badly damaged.

The Susquehanna has been running six years; first on the Cincinnati and Nashville trade; next as St. Louis and Nashville packet, and latterly between Paducah and Nashville.

**Theatre.**—The Scotch baronet, and the fascinating Misses Heron, continue to attract large and fashionable audiences. The performance last night passed off well, and the large audience seemed to be highly delighted. To-night, an excellent bill is offered, which will doubtless draw a crowded house. Tomorrow night Sir William and the Heron family make their last appearance. They go hence to New Orleans.

Some of the Maine people are very anxious to buy out one of the tricks of the *Fair of Sins*. The Fakir, you know, can produce three kinds of liquor from the same bottle, including water and milk. The Maine liquor law won't allow any kind of liquor to come into that State, save under the most stringent provisions. So the Yankees want to buy the Fakir's trick, and then every day make, as he passes around, can hand out milk or whisky, just as the people have a liking.

A company composed of some of the most wealthy citizens of Cincinnati, are making preparations to start for the district of Sonora, in California, there to commence operations on an extensive scale, in crushing gold bearing quartz and separating it from the precious metal; they carry with them some fine machinery which is now being manufactured in New York and will cost \$10,000.

There is already a Cincinnati company in Sonora, with machinery, carrying on business equal to the most sanguine expectations of all concerned.

**Sevance House, Nashville, Tennessee.**—This excellent hotel has passed into the hands of Mr. M. Edwards, a gentleman eminently suited to the station he now fills. The house, always popular, gains new favor under the present management. The traveling public and citizens, generally, will find it a most admirable stopping place during their sojourn in Nashville.

**Hot for the Wharves.**—The *Star Journal* at Indianapolis, of Saturday last, gives us the following information, that only four miles of the iron track between that city and Terre Haute remain to be completed. The present weather being very suitable for the work, a third of a mile per day is being laid down, so that in two weeks more the trains of cars will run between Indianapolis and the Wharves daily. It is expected that the trip to or from Terre Haute will be accomplished in four hours. It will at least match in time the Madison and Indianapolis railroad. Ho! for the Wharves!

**The Fair: The Fair!**—We would again remind our readers that the Ladies' Fair is continued to-night at the hall of the Lafayette engine house. Thus far it has proved to be one of the most agreeable and attractive amusements of the season. The ladies are prepared with very many useful and beautiful articles, as well as refreshments which are served in excellent style to all who may need them. The array of beauty, and the good order and harmony observed has induced hundreds to attend. This effort, which is in behalf of the Sabbath School of the Wesley Chapel, has thus far been highly successful. If the ladies unite in effort, success is sure to await them.

A fatal affair occurred a few days since at Winchester, Wayne county, Miss., between W. T. Linton, Esq., a late candidate for representative and the postmaster of the village, and Mr. Matthew Lewis, in which the former was killed. The particulars are said to be these: The two were engaged in a game of billiards, when Linton called him back and alluded to the old unsettled difficulty, concealing, at the same time, a large knife behind him in one of his hands. Harsh words ensued; Linton struck the first blow, and Lewis snatched up his knife, inflicting a mortal wound. Mr. Lewis was arrested, arraigned before the committing magistrate, and admitted to bail in the sum of \$4,000.

The ice in the flat boat which sank at the foot of Bullitt street, has all been saved.

The Portsmouth bank robbers are said to have been arrested in Charleston.

The expense of receiving Kossuth at Baltimore was thirty dollars.

Nearly all the coffee-houses in Dayton have closed doors, by order of the authorities.

Country molasses is quite plenty in our markets.

Both of the Jeffersonville ferry boats are now plying regularly.

James Brooks, of New York, is the modern Jack Downing.

Bates' theatrical company from St. Louis will commence performing at the theatre in this city on Monday night.

Ninety negro slaves passed down the river yesterday on board the steamer Moses Greenwood, bound for New Orleans.

Marshall Speed leaves on the James Robb for New Orleans, to-day, on business connected with his office.

Capt. Blair Summons, the veteran commander of the Ben Franklin, starts on the James Robb for the South to-day.

Two companies, one from Pittsburg, and the other from Ohio, passed down the river yesterday, en route for the gold regions.

The Detroit city council have passed a series of resolutions, complimenting Kossuth and his noble cause in the highest terms.

Madame Celeste, the charming dancer, arrived here yesterday on the James Robb, en route for New Orleans.

Several noted horse thieves were captured at Crawfordsville, Ind., a few days since. Four of them, it is thought, will be sent to the penitentiary.

The Terre Haute, Ind., folks, are troubled with "spirit rappings," and several respectable citizens testify to marvelous manifestations.

Dr. Cogswell has returned to New York from Europe, with 30,000 volumes of the most rare and valuable works, to begin the Astor library with.

Great distress is said to be prevailing in the lake Superior mining district, occasioned by the scarcity of food, in consequence of the early closing of navigation.

In consequence of differences of opinion as to the route which should be taken, the project of a railroad from Paoli to intersect the New Albany and Salem road, is likely to fail.

The saloons upon the mail boats Ben Franklin and Telegraph No. 2, were rented a few days since for \$5,000 per year, each; the former to Mr. Wm. Lyon, and the latter to Mr. Tewksbury.

**Remission of Duty.**—It is stated that the committee on commerce in the House of Representatives, will report in favor of remitting the duties on the goods destroyed by fire in the city of New York in 1845.

Two Boys Drowned.—Two boys between 9 and 12 years of age, one the son of James Laferty, the other named Conrad Templeton, were drowned in the river at Cincinnati on Sunday evening last, by the overturning of a skiff in which they were amusing themselves.

**Merchants' Boats.**—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this centrally located hotel.—In the very centre of business, it affords an excellent stopping place for country merchants. The house has undergone thorough repairs and renovation, and under the management of the present proprietor, it will doubtless meet with an abundant patronage.

Capt. Charles Rose, of Cincinnati, passed down the river yesterday on his way to the wrecks of the George and Martha Washington. The insurance companies have received intelligence that a good portion of their cargoes could be saved.

It is stated in the New York papers that both Mr. and Mrs. Forrest will soon appear upon the stage, at different theatres, of course.—This will give New York another cause of excitement, that will throw that about Kossuth into the shade.

Twelve persons were arrested in Attica, Fountain county, Ind., a few days since, charged with forging, counterfeiting, and horse stealing. Three of them were dismissed without examination, two gave bail, and seven were committed to jail. Nice country, out on the Wabash.

The members of Congress at Washington, (or at least a large number of them,) are preparing to celebrate the approaching anniversary of Washington's birth-day in a very imposing manner, and with a special recognition of the doctrines of his farewell address.

**A Hint to Letter Writers.**—The following lines, written on the envelope of an unpaid letter which passed through the Portland post office the other day, may serve as a hint to correspondents to pay their postage on the score of economy:

"The post an extra gain has made  
Because your last was not pre-paid;  
The same is true with this reply—  
You've lost two cents and so have I."

At Towsonville, near Baltimore, last week, a Mrs. Dumfry left the door open while absent from the house, in which her infant child was left in the cradle. A large and pet dog, observing the door ajar, entered, dragged the infant from the cradle, and commenced devouring it. The screams of the child soon brought the mother to its assistance, but not until the dog had eaten its hands entirely off, one of its ears, and mangled the body.

**The Maine Liquor Law in New Jersey.**—New Jersey is moving in the matter of interfering the sale and manufacture of intoxicating drinks. A very large number of petitions—from almost every county in the State—was presented on Wednesday, setting forth that the existing laws are inadequate to suppress intemperance, and asking the Legislature to pass an act as nearly identical with the Maine liquor law as shall be deemed practicable.

**Foul Murder.**—The body of a German, named Chas. Grell, was found a few days since in the water near the Battery, N. Y., with the skull most shockingly mangled. His pockets were turned inside out, and from traces of blood found on the Battery, it is supposed that he was most brutally murdered, and, after being robbed, thrown into the river.

A loving father of many children was once asked which he loved most, his boys or his girls. "Why," said he, "when my boys are gentle, brave, and sucking at their mother's breast, I like them best; but when they grow up and come to such me, my preference diverges towards the girls."

**Proceedings of the Kossuth Meeting.**  
Upon motion of Wm. Thompson, D. W. Wilson, was appointed Chairman, and A. P. Churchill, was appointed Secretary.

Upon motion by J. H. Harney, a committee on resolutions was appointed, consisting of J. H. Harney, Wm. P. Tompkins, Dr. P. S. Bell, Geo. D. Prentice, Gen. Wm. S. Pilcher, Caleb W. Logan, Wm. Preston, Dr. Thornberry, and Dr. Hughes, who reported the following:

1. Resolved, That this country is the home and the hope of freedom; that it is our mission to assert and maintain the right of man to self government; that as Austria has proscribed Kossuth and sent a price upon his head, we owe it to ourselves to show our high appreciation of the man, and our contempt for the proscription of him; to announce boldly our antagonism of sentiment, and let Austria know that her political felons are our noblemen.

2. Resolved, That we sympathize deeply with the misfortunes of Hungary in her recent struggle for independence.

3. Resolved, That we denounce the conduct of Russia in aiding Austria to crush out the spirit of freedom in that country.

4. Resolved, That we regard Louis Kossuth as the great leader and champion of liberal principles; we admire his efforts, his sacrifices and sufferings in the cause, and rejoice that the occasion of his visit to our country furnishes us an opportunity to express our sentiments in his behalf.

5. Resolved, That we discredit and despise the calumnies which have been invented to disparage his claims to the respect and admiration of enlightened and liberal men.

6. Resolved, That this meeting appoint a committee of seven to invite Louis Kossuth to visit this city, and make such arrangements as they may deem necessary to receive the illustrious exile.

7. Resolved, That the General Council of the City be requested to appoint a committee to act in conjunction with the above named Kossuth committee, to carry into effect the resolutions, inviting the illustrious exile, Louis Kossuth, to this city.

The committee of arrangements consists of the following persons:

Col. Wm. Preston; Col. Wm. Riddle; Col. W. P. Boone; Doct. Robert Breckenridge; D. H. Monarsart; F. S. J. Ronald and Joseph Holt.

Joseph Holt was loudly called for, and delivered an eloquent address in favor of the resolutions. Messrs. Preston, Pilcher and Wolfe, were called for, and responded in enthusiastic addresses.

D. W. WILSON, Chm.

A. P. CHURCHILL, Sec'y.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the evening, the spacious hall at the court-house last night, was crowded to overflowing. A larger and more enthusiastic meeting of all parties, we have seldom seen in the city. The sentiments of the resolutions, and the addresses, were received with the warmest applause. It was a glorious exhibition of American sentiment and feeling.

The committee of arrangements whose names will be seen in the resolutions, will no doubt promptly perform the duty assigned them, and make all proper arrangements to receive the illustrious exile.

We understand that the Germans have also appointed a committee of seven persons, who will act with the committee appointed at the court-house last night.

We can but express our gratification at the imposing demonstration made last evening. It was sufficient to dispel all misapprehension as to the feeling and sentiments of our people. They are with the cause of Hungary and its illustrious champion.

We should do injustice to the feeling of the meeting last night, to pass without notice the address of Joseph Holt. His fame as an orator is unequalled in this commonwealth, and his effort was worthy of his reputation. His remarks were brief, but classic and effective. The audience listened in breathless silence to his portrayal of the conduct of absolutists in Europe; to his description of the struggles and sufferings of the scattered and persecuted exiles, and his eloquent appeal to Americans to stand up to their principles, and assert their respectability against the combined efforts of despots to debauch and trample them in the dust. Such a speech is not easily forgotten, nor its impression easily effaced.

**Bodisco and Kossuth.**  
An incident in the history of the great and good man whom Bodisco thus defames, will show what semblance of foundation there can be for the base slander.

When Hungary fell, and all was lost—when her chosen Chief became a fugitive from the grasp of the oppressor, just on the border of his fatherland, he was met by M. Dushek, the Treasurer of his country's funds, having in his possession two and a half millions of dollars in gold and silver, which he offered to place at the disposal of the unfortunate Governor, then on his way to exile, to seek the hospitality of the Turk. Behind him he had left his home—his all. His broad lands he would have to leave behind him; his wife and children he would have to leave behind him; his blood. His fortunes were his country's and he felt with them. Here was offered him the means of flight and of personal comfort and ease. If he should refuse to accept them, Austria would be the gainer; if he accepted them, he would be a traitor to his country.

From the hands of his oppressor an equivalent, at least for the property he had been compelled to flee. How great the temptation!—How few could have resisted! But mark the words of the persecuted Governor: "The traitor is none of mine; it belongs to the Treasury of Hungary. Whatever may be its fate, I have no power to touch its smallest piece; I cannot, and will not."

Kossuth proceeded to his exile and poverty. Dushek returned to the army of Austria, and with the gold his Governor had spared, purchased from his tyrant the safety of his neck. The incident is its own best argument. I leave it to plead the cause of injured, slandered virtue.

Messrs. Osborn & Green have removed to No. 80 Third street nearly opposite our office. They will offer a variety of household furniture for sale on Saturday morning.

O, DEAR!—The Columbus, O., Capitol City Fact is responsible for the following:

Nothing like love and hunger to drive a man mad or make him happy. Next to a feast upon a seventeen year old pair of sweet lips under grape vines by moonlight, the next best thing is to eat cold beans and fish for suckers all day. The one fills a poetic fancy, and the other a hungry stomach.

We do not like to be inquisitive; but it would be a satisfaction to know whether the editor is married or single.

It appears from a late decision that actions for breach of promise are subject to a limitation of time, and will be barred if not brought within six years. Broken and betrayed hearts are not to be pitied for long.

Messrs. Bent, Duvall & Co., advertise Ladies' dress goods, &c., and Embroideries, &c.—See advertising column.

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## LATEST STREAK



REPORTED FOR THE LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

[FIRST SESSION.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.

SENATE.—The chair presented reports from the secretaries of War and Treasury, relative to certain claims, and an asylum for disabled soldiers.

Mr. Cass introduced a resolution providing for the employment of mechanics on the capitol during the winter.

Several petitions were presented praying for the protection of patents.

Mr. Broadhead's resolution of inquiry into the propriety of sending a charge to Switzerland, was adopted.

The resolution of sympathy for the Irish exiles, was postponed until Saturday.

The debate on the resolution giving the census printing to the proprietors of the Union, was resumed. Messrs. Badger and Cass, spoke in favor of it and Borland opposed it who was very severe upon Mr. Kennedy superintendent of the census returns.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Houston presented the usual appropriation bill, for the expenses of the Government. The consideration of the bill explanatory of the Bounty Land Law, was resumed.

A long debate ensued upon the proposition giving compensation to land officers for locating land warrants. Much sharp shooting ensued between Dunham of Ills., and Dunham of Ind. Various amendments were voted on, but without definite action.

The House then adjourned.

From Cincinnati, Feb. 5.

Kossuth will leave Columbus for this city, on Saturday morning, and will reach here at 11 o'clock the same day. He declines going to Springfield and Dayton. Mad. Kossuth will come to-morrow evening. The full arrangements will be caused out, and the banquet given at the Bazaar House, as originally intended, in the early part of next week. Kossuth will remain here about two weeks. Strangers are already coming, and the hotels are filling up very rapidly.

From Boston, Feb. 5.

We have Libera dates to December 10th. Affairs at Grand Rapids are distressing. An attack was made on Fishburne by Gians, who was joined by Prince Boyer, of Quakewon. The village was sacked and burned. Nine persons were murdered. Gians has 300 troops. The Garrison was suppressed. The bodies of the murdered were horribly mutilated. The entire Bessa country has joined in the rebellion. Mr. Lawrence, an English trader, aided them in their attack, which was made at midnight. Another attack was made on Cornwney, which was repulsed, with forty killed. Among them were several children. It is thought that Gians will be captured. The Legislature met Dec. 1st, and President Roberts was inaugurated.

From New York, Feb. 5.

The Humbolt has arrived, and brings \$200,000 worth of gold on freight. It is reported that the disappearance of Judge Briggs, from San Francisco, is incorrect.

From Philadelphia, Feb. 5.

The Democratic County Convention met this afternoon. Alderman Peter Rambo presided, and great numbers were present. Resolutions were adopted, and delegates from the county, to vote in the State Convention for Lewis Cass for President. An amendment was offered to substitute Buchanan's name. The chair put the question and it was carried, and the meeting adjourned in great confusion.

From Philadelphia, Feb. 5.

The officers of the county convention upon their adjournment retreated out of the back windows, and in the effort to retain the chairman they tore off the skirt of his coat. Subsequently a portion of the convention re-organized and adopted the Cass resolution.

From Washington, Feb. 5.

After the Senate adjourned, a difficulty occurred between Borland and Kennedy, in which the latter had a nose broken. Several Senators interfered and put a stop to the fight.

From Cincinnati, Feb. 5.

The river has risen 2 feet since last evening. The weather is mild and pleasant.

Cincinnati, Feb. 5.

It has been raining nearly all day. The river has risen 22 inches since last evening.

From Pittsburg, Feb. 5.

One thousand dollars of the \$3,000 stolen from the California some time since, was recovered yesterday by Constable Hague. It was found by a boy in an old box of stockings in the most near the Allegheny Depot. There now remains but \$800 to be recovered.

Pittsburg, Feb. 5.

The weather is clear and sunny. The river is at a stand.

Pittsburg, Feb. 5.

There is 10 feet 10 inches water in the channel and falling. The weather is clear and mild.

Domestic Markets.

New York, Feb. 5.

Cotton—Dull; no demand.

Flour—Sales at 14 1/2.

Wheat—Sales 1,200 bushels; prices unchanged.

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## COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT.

Thursday Evening, Feb. 5, 1892.

The market is characterized by a marked degree of depression and activity, with large receipts of Groceries, Whisky, and Tobacco during the last three days.

The river is rising slowly, with but little ice running. The weather to-day is cloudy, with every appearance of rain.

The Grocery market is active, with heavy receipts of Sugar and Coffee. Sales of 300 bags Coffee at \$14.00 for new, and 100 do. at \$13.50 for old. Sales of 100 do. at \$14.00 for new, and 50 do. for full qualities. Sales of Plantation Molasses at 26c.

There is a speculative demand for Provisions, with sales of 400 lbs. Mena Pork at \$13.00. M. O. we quote at \$14.00. Lard, 10c. Sugar, 10c. Coffee, 10c.

Wheat we quote at 72 1/2c. The best quality commanding the latter figure. Sales of ear Corn at 35c. Shelled, 40c. Oats 30c. to 35c. Hay we quote at \$12 per ton.

Sales of 300 lbs. Raw Whisky at 15c.

Port Wines to New Orleans are taken at 30c; port, 75c per bbl. To St. Louis, 25c for pound freight. To Nashville, 30c. To Pittsburg, 15c.

The receipts of Tobacco during the present week have been large, and prices have slightly advanced.

ARRIVALS

IN THE PAST 24 HOURS.

Telegraph No. 2, McElion, Cincinnati.

Blue Wing No. 1, Cline, Madison.

New Orleans, written, Cincinnati.

James Niles, Irwin, Cincinnati.

Lucia, Kossuth, Pittsburg.

Joe, Miller of Columbus, will be in attendance to answer all calls.

Do not write hereafter be given of the meetings of the Managers to issue Ladies' Journal, will call at the price of Gentlemen's Tickets \$2.

For the Louisville Democrat.

POLICE COURT.

Hon. JOHN JOYCE, JUDGE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 5, 1892.

Commonwealth by Catherine Hamilton vs. Andrew Hamilton, p. w. Bail required in \$200 for one year.

John Buchanan and Thomas Epps, f. m. c. fighting and disorderly conduct. Bail of Buchanan in \$600, and of Epps in \$200 for one year, and Buchanan required to answer to misdemeanor.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

To S. Wilson.—Your friendly mail seems to have outstripped your ability to do me injury. Without the shadow of a grog case, you made a criminal charge against me, and had me arrested and examined at a hotel. In Court, the charge was wholly unsupported by proof. I was honorably acquitted, and the reputation of nearly every one who heard the case tried, rested upon your own and the Court's decision.

In the Democrat of the 31st ult., you assail me, and at the same time, to excite and fasten suspicion upon me. You stated that I was never your clerk, and in that regard to contradict my statement that I was in your employ. I was in your employ during the whole of last winter. You swore on the trial that I had been in your employ, and during the time had free access to every place in the store. If you deny this now, the conclusion must follow that you have told an untruth either there or now, on each or of both.

It is well known that whilst you were once drunk, butting and tumbling about the streets, whilst incapable of doing business, that I remained in your store, and attended faithfully to your affairs. I never said I was your clerk, nor intimated that I had not been a visitor at your house. Your statement that I was a sponge for your money, is a lie. I have never received your money, and I am not a sponge for your money.

You further stated that if I had said nothing about the article which I attempted to correct, the public would never have known that I was the person alluded to, and that I was a sponge for



